The 4th annual Schultz Lecture

Interventional endoscopy and Surgeons: The future of surgery is *Flexible!*

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Division of GI and Minimally Invasive Surgery Legacy Health System Portland, OR

Observation

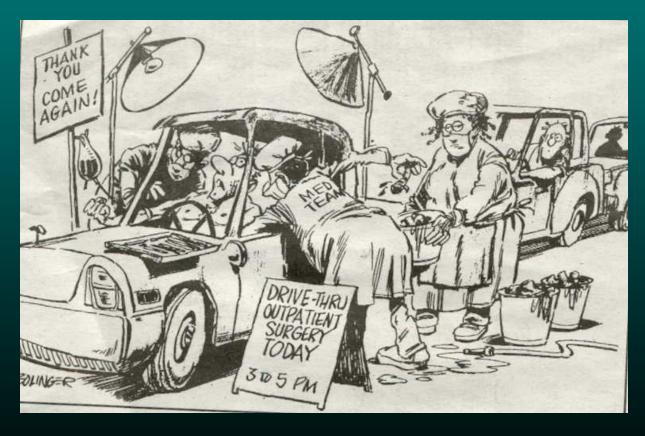
Surgery is evolving away from a tactile craft to a visual (image guided), computer augmented one

- Orthopedics
- Urology
- Neurosurgery
- GYN
- Vascular
- General/GI



Observation 2

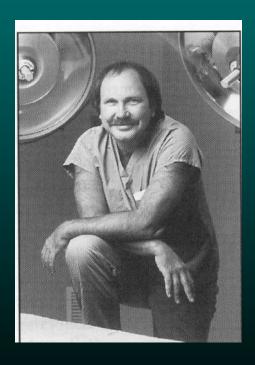
Minimally Invasive is how the public wants it...



"Surgery, gaining much from the general advancement of knowledge will be rendered both knifeless and bloodless..."

John Hunter, London 1762

The laparoscopic revolution...



LASER INSTITUTE
AND
The OFFICE OF CONTINUING
MEDICAL EDUCATION





1991
POSTGRADUATE
LAPAROSCOPIC
CHOLECYSTECTOMY
COURSES

ENDORSED

SOCIETY OF AMERICAN
GASTROINTESTINAL ENDOSCOPIC

SURGEONS (SAGES)

COURSE DIRECTORS: GEORGE BERCI, M.D.

CEDAR SINAI MEDICAL CENTER LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

"The greatest medical advances of the 20th century include:

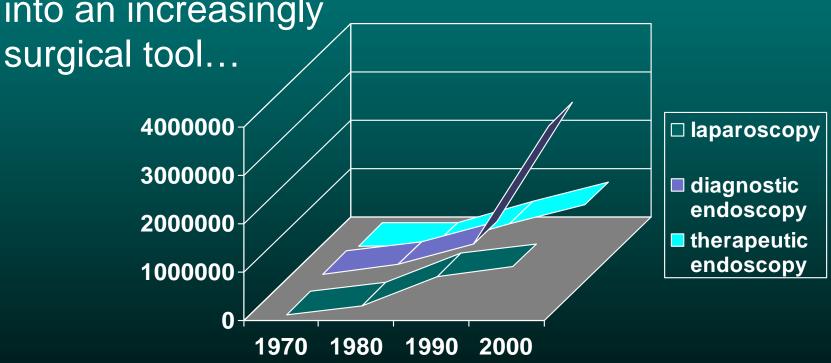
- Anesthesia
- blood typing/ transfusion
- surgical nutrition
- organ transplant
- cardiac bypass
- laparoscopic surgery

James Thompson, MD presidential address, *Bulletin of the ACS*; 1/2000

By 2005, every general/GI surgery
Had been performed with a minimally
Invasive, laparoscopic approach...

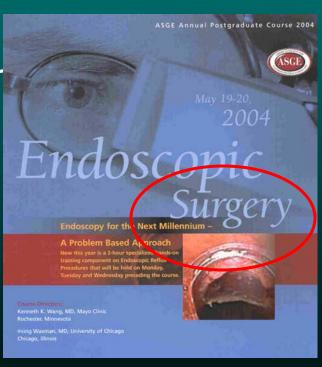
Observation 3

 Flexible endoscopy is continuing to evolve into an increasingly



Advanced endoluminal GI <u>surgeries</u>:

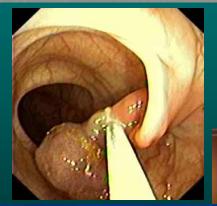
- Mucosal ablation
- Partial thickness resection
- Full thickness resection
- Perforation repair/treatmer
- Stenting
- Antireflux surgery
- Bariatric surgery



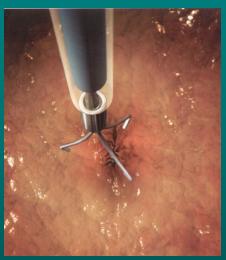
Flexible endoscopic instrumentation

- Snares
- Clips
- Stents
- Endoloops
- Argon beam
- RFA
- Retrieval baskets
- Bipolar vessel sealing
- FNA needles
- Ultrasound
- staplers





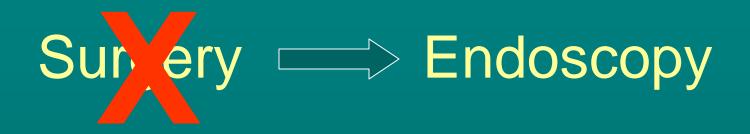






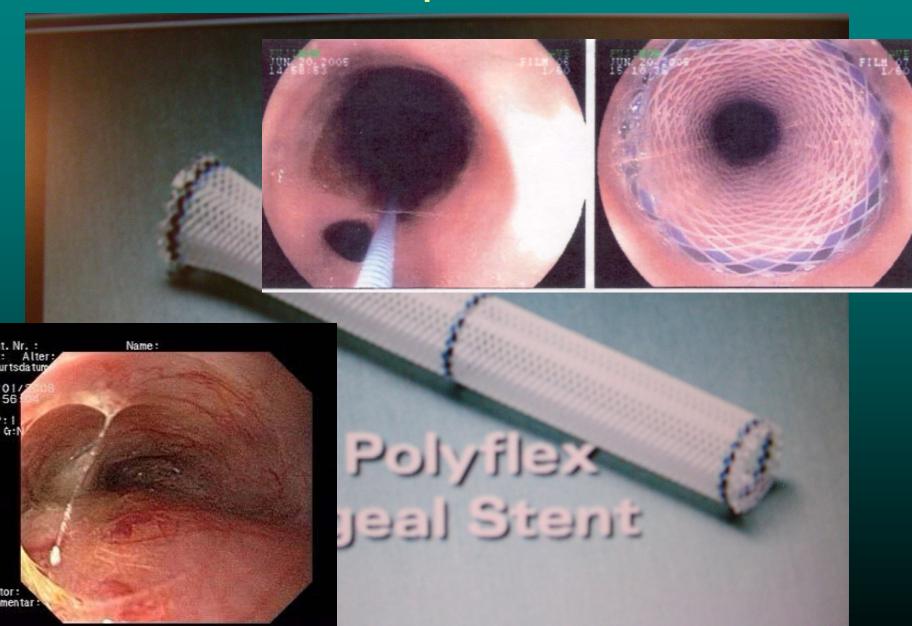
Observation 4

Much of GI surgery as practiced now is disappearing...



- Large colon polyps
- Common duct explorations
- GI bleeding
- Esophageal varix surgery
- Bile duct and foregut/hindgut palliative surgery
- Open Zenkers excision
- Pancreatic pseudocyst drainage
- latrogenic perforation repair
- Transthoracic repair esophageal perforation
- Esophageal exclusions
- Esophagectomy for HGD Barretts
- Early gastric cancers
- Pancreatic necrosectomy

Stents for perforations



Perforation closure Treatment of esophageal perforations 1999–2006: N=29

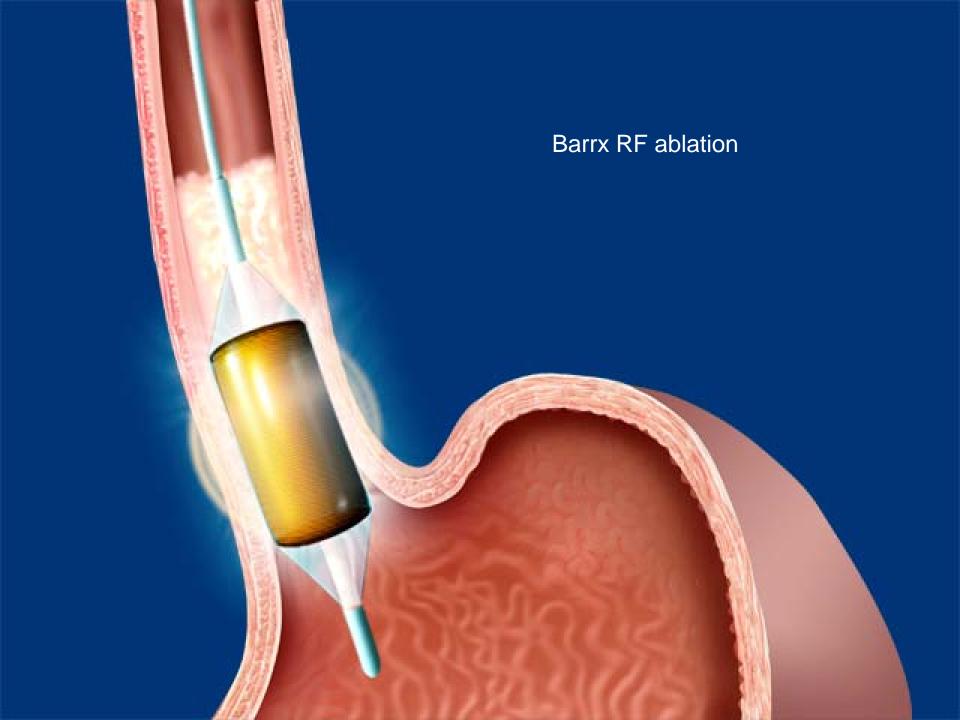
Operative = 8

- Debride and drain = 2
- Primary closure = 2
- Exclusion = 3
- Esophagectomy = 1
- Subsequent surgery 2
- Hospital stay = 19

Non-operative = 21

- Clips = 4
- Stent = 7
- Clip + stent = 10

- Subsequent surgery 2
- Hospital stay = 8.5



Complete Response after HALO360



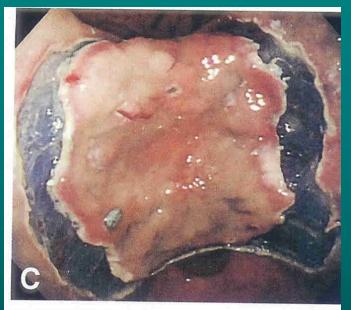


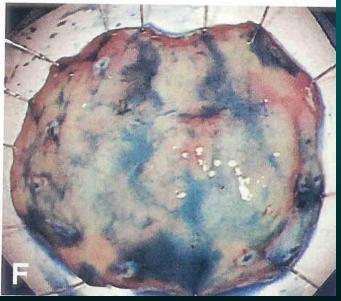


mucosectomy

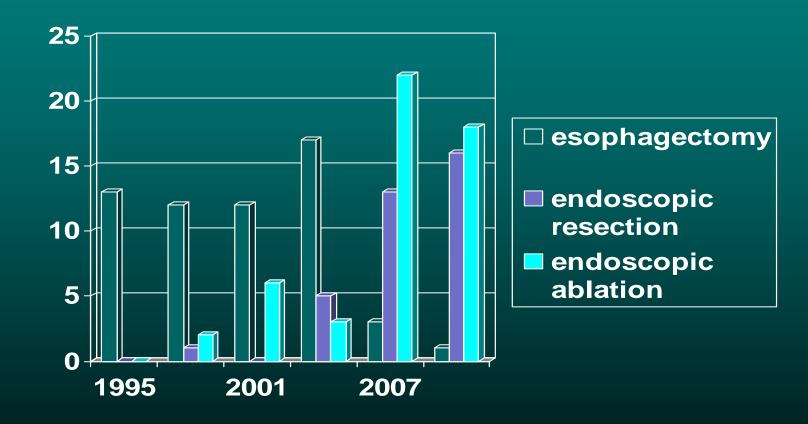


Extended mucosectomy (ESD)





Treatment of Barretts HGD

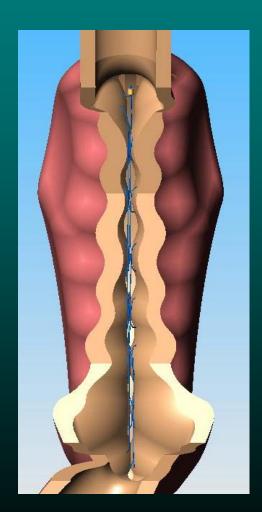


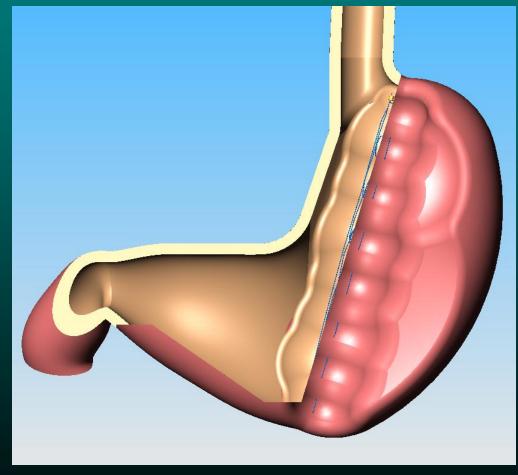


Under current development...

- Full thickness GI excision
- Local cancer diagnosis and treatment
- Ablation of GI premalignacies and cancers in the whole GI tract
- Bariatric surgery
- Intrathoracic / intrabadominal node harvests
- Antireflux surgery

Endoscopic bariatric procedures

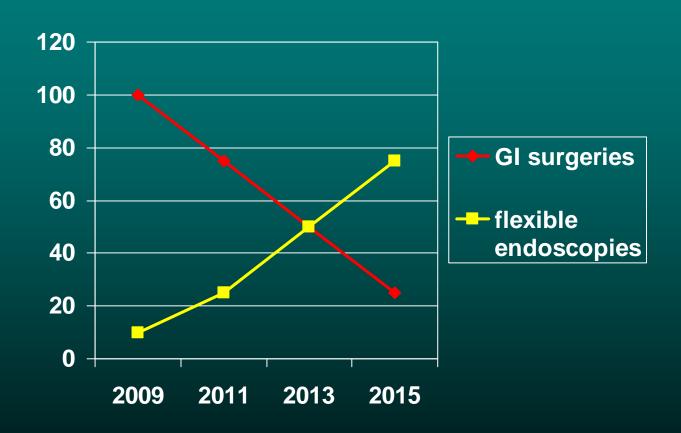




Intra-abdominal/intrathoracic EUS/node biopsy

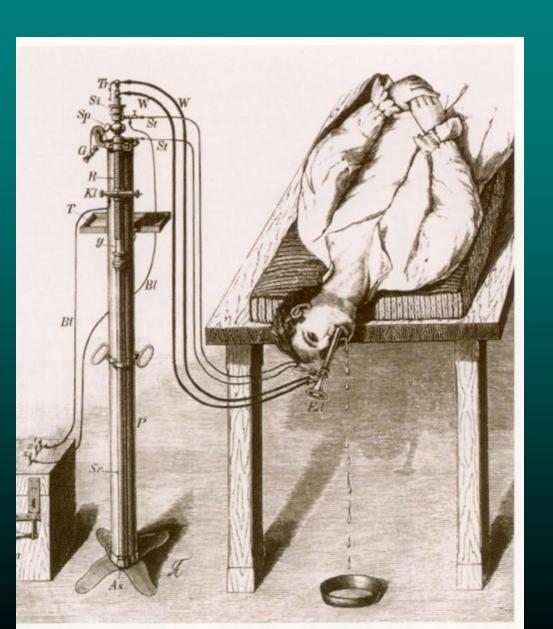


...at this rate, this could be bad for surgery



Endoscopy and surgeons – what happened?

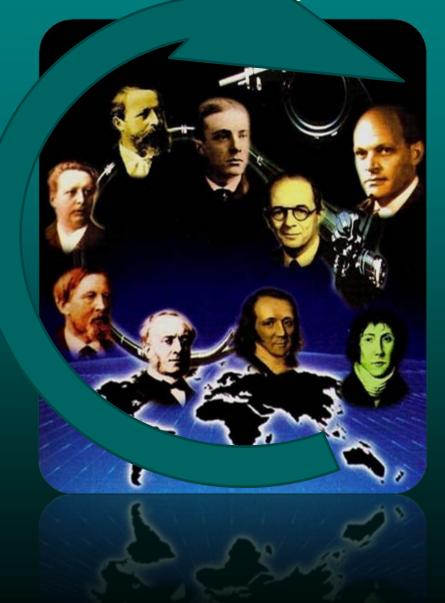
early endoscopy...



Chevalier Jackson *JAMA* 1929: 29

In 1929 one of the first surgical endoscopists publishes his findings from a series of 4,000 rigid upper endoscopies for peptic complaints.

History of Endoscopy



1853 – "Endoscope"

coined

1868 – Gastroscopy

1881 – Esophagoscope

1923 - "Lehrbuch und

Atlas der Gastroskopie"

1957 – Fiberscope

1959 – colonic

polypectomy

1968 - ERCP

1985 –PEG tubes

1986 -Varices banding

JAMES R. ZETKA JR.

Surgeons and the Scope

Zetka's summation of surgeons and endoscopy:

- Flexible endoscopy was developed by and belonged to surgeons in the 70's...
- A sub-group of GI physicians in the late 70's advocated a specialty of medical endoscopists...
- Surgeons by and large were uninterested in this "diagnostic" modality feeling it was "distant from their tactile skill set and feeling their market hold to be invulnerable"
- GI ran with it and it reconfigured their medical specialty into an interventional endoscopic one...

"In response to their turf losses to these competitors (medication, IR and endoscopists) general surgeons were forced to change their orientation to the scope technology. To protect their livelihoods in an increasingly uncertain environment, surgeons embraced the endoscope during the 80's and staked claims over its operative applications... [but] Surgeons, by and large, could not wedge their way into the endoscopy markets that gastroenterologists had already developed."

Observation 5:

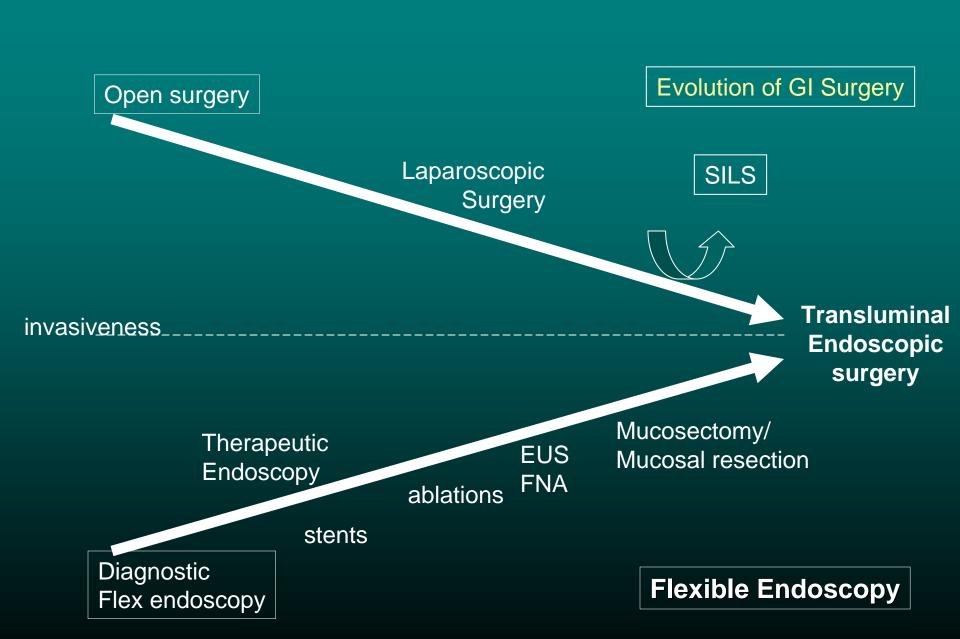
 NOTES is a very important and perhaps critical development for surgery...



WHITE PAPER



ASGE/SAGES Working Group on Natural Orifice Translumenal Endoscopic Surgery White Paper October 2005



The true importance of NOTES...

- NOTES has shaken surgeons and industry out of their laparoscopic induced coma..
- NOTES may be even less invasive and better care for patients
- NOTES may be the entrée needed for surgeons to resume a leadership role in interventional flexible endoscopy

- SPA
- SPL
- LESS
- TUES
- eNOTES

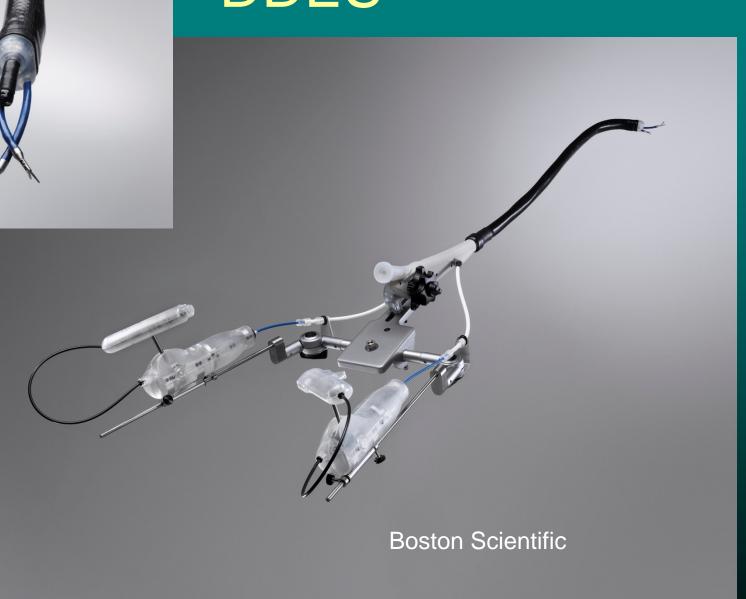


Endoscopes are an old technology



1982 Videoscope



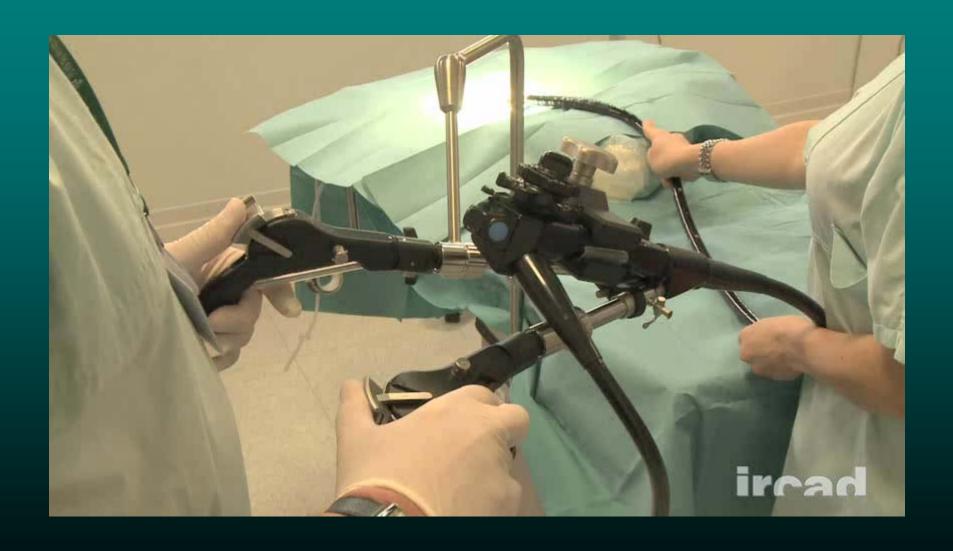


Olympus EndoSamurai

OLYMPUS[®]



Anubiscope: Storz



The NOTES Toolbox

Ethicon



DissectionArticulating Hook



<u>Manipulation</u>
Articulating Grasper



Ligation
Flex Clip Applier

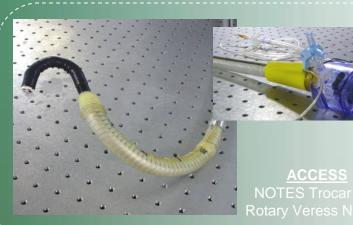


Tissue Sampling
Articulating Bx Force



<u>Dissection</u>
Articulating Needle
Knife

Specimen
Retrieval
Articulating
Specimen Bag



<u>Cutting</u> Flexible Scissors



Dissection Oscar Marylands



Hemostasis ela Bipolar For

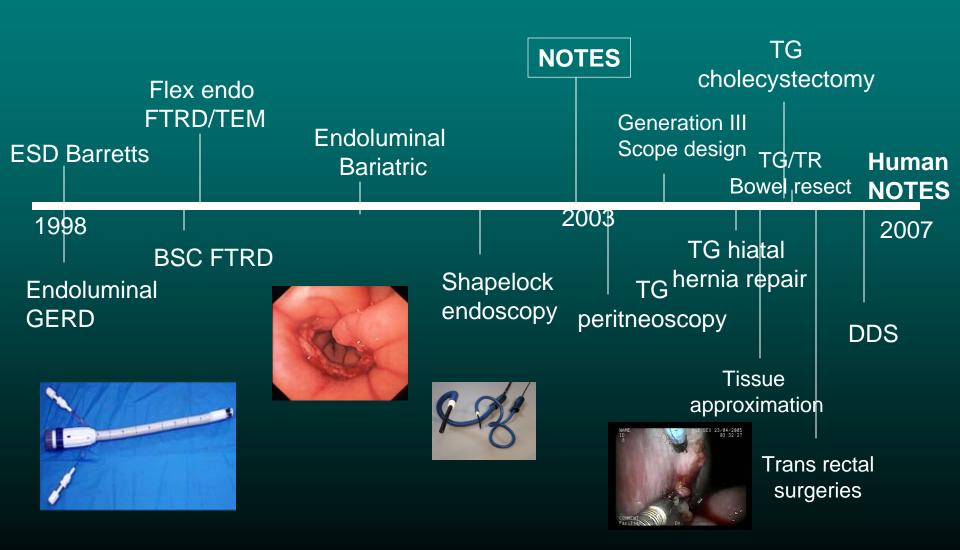


Closure/Suturine

Adaptation of laparoscopic tools to a smaller, flexible, platform



timeline





5/2007 - 11/2010

- 18 patients: 12 female, 3 male
- Age 39 (26 66)
- BMI 33 (25 37)
- 10 Biliary cholic with stones
- 3 biliary dyskinesia
- 2 acute cholecystitis



Results:

- 1 patient 3 ports, 1 patient 2 ports, 3 patients 1 port + Berci needle, 5 Berci needle only, 8 no assist (true NOTES)
- Mean time = 4.1 hr (145 310 min)
- Intraoperative Complications:
 - 1 pharyngeal laceration
 - 2 positive leak tests with oversew
 - 1 gastric wall bleed
 - 2 stone spillage







□ operative time

- + needle assist
- 1 1 ports
- 2 2 ports
- 3 3 ports



- 1 return to OR POD 1 for pain
- 3 numb tongue
- 3 post op nausea
- Length of stay:
 - 15 patients 24 hr stay,
 - 1 patient home same day,
 - 2 pt 48 hr stay
- Max Pain score

| NOTES | VS | lap Chole |
|----------------------|----|-----------|
| – RR 6.0 | | 6.5 |
| - 6 hr 5.5 | | 4.2 |
| - 24 hr 4.0 (pharynx | () | 5.0 |

• 9 patients report minimal or no abdominal pain

Long term FU

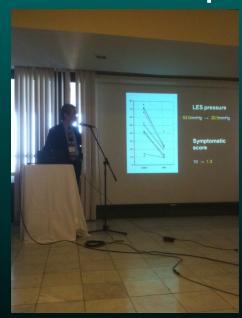
- 2 weeks: no complications, pain score =0
- 1 year (9 patients):
 - no complaints, GRQOL = baseline
 - EGD normal
 - 9 satisfied or very satisfied
 - 9 "would recommend to friends or family"

Observation: cholecystectomy is not the "killer app" for NOTES...



H. Inoue POEM procedure

- DDW 2008
- 4 cases
- ESD technique

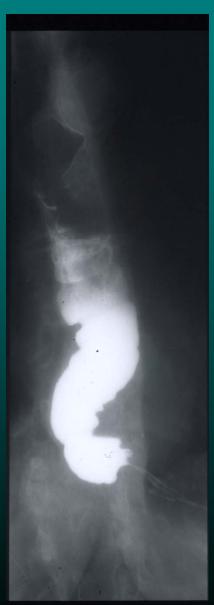


Per-oral endoscopic myotomy (POEM) for consecutive 43 cases of esophageal achalasia] Inoue H, Kudo SE. Nippon Rinsho. 2010 Sep;68(9):1749-52.

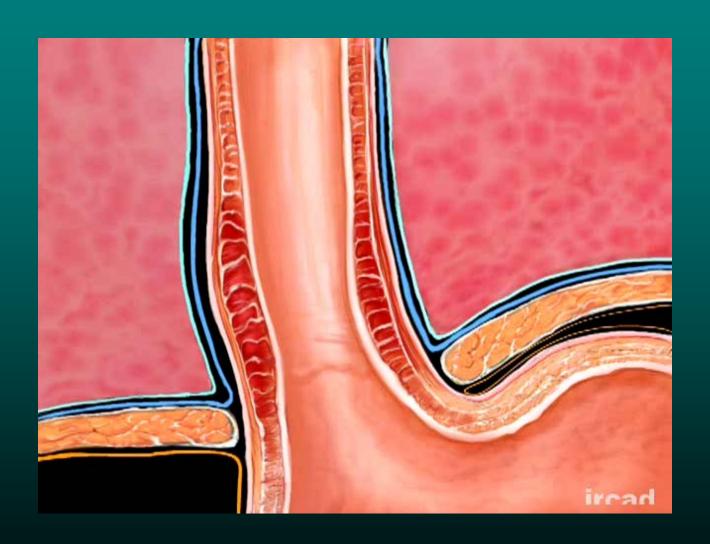
- Mixed motility disorders
- 2 reoperative
- 3 sigmoid esophagus
- Minimal complications

Portland Experience

- IRB approval 9/2010
- Pure achalasia
- HRM, QOL, timed barium swallow
- 1st case Sept 27, 2010
- Currently 10 cases

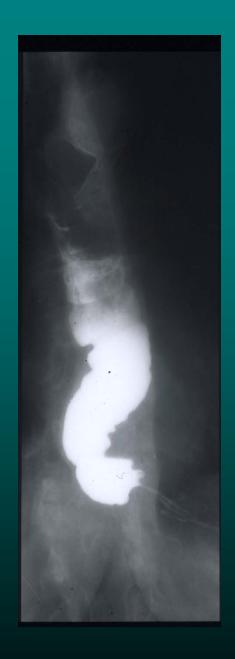


Circular myotomy





- Operative time = 128 min (118 180)
- 1 mucosal perforation stomach
- 24 hour hospital stay
- Dysphagia symptom score 3.6 1.6
- No pain medications at discharge







Prediction>>>

 In 3 years laparoscopic Heller myotomy will no longer be the "gold standard"

Transcervical esophageal mobilization

- Sentinel node
- Cancer staging
- •Tumor resections
- •Esophageal mobilization





"Transrectal colectomy may be the one of the best applications for NOTES..."

- Large access for multiple instruments
- Can use rigid and flexible access
- No opening of uninvolved organs
 - Site of colotomy can be the site of the anastamosis
- Saves the patient a major incision and multiple large ports



The true importance of NOTES...

- This may be our "second chance" in the practice of flexible endoscopy.
 - General/GI surgeons can replicate the history of cardiac surgery and ignore interventional techniques..
 - Or follow the lead of vascular surgery and aortic stenting

To future GI surgeons:

"Embrace the scope!"

