# Improving Health Care Literacy Among Patients with MS through a Flipped Classroom Model

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### Introduction

The Brain Health Center of the Rockies provides educational tools and exposure to health care providers aiming to fill an unmet need for patients with MS in the community. Our program is designed to provide a multidisciplinary approach that is customized via participant interviews to meet the individual needs of our patients. To provide a more active learning method, we have selected a Flipped Classroom strategy in which learners encounter information before class, freeing class time for activities that involve higher order thinking. To our knowledge, the utilization of a Flipped Classroom approach has not been used in patient education to date.

## Goal

This project will assess improvements in Health Care Literacy in individuals with MS who participated in the Flipped Classroom Brain Health Program.

#### Methods

24 patients with MS participated in the program.

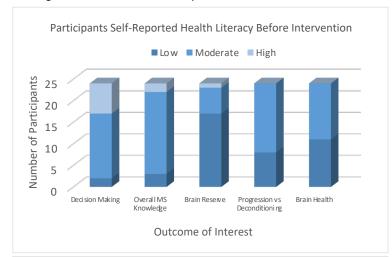
Demographics include age, sex, race and disease duration (Table 1). All participants completed sixteen pre-recorded online modules on topics including Disease Modifying Therapies, Fatigue, Cognition, Depression/Anxiety, Living with MS/Caregiver Support, Pregnancy and Family Planning, Social Security Disability and Employment, New Therapies, Exercise, PT, OT, Sleep, and Nutrition. At the completion of these modules, patients had access to 6 live virtual 1-hour sessions. Each session had a balance between didactic, experiential learning and a Q&A portion (Figure 1).

**Table 1. Self-Reported Participant Demographics Total Population** Characteristic (N = 24)Age - yrs Mean 44 Median (range) 40 (20-60) Female Sex – no. (%) 20 (83.3%) Disease Duration – no (%) 8 (33.3%) > 1 year 3 (12.5%) 1-3 years 4-8 years 5 (20.8%) 9-15 years 3 (12.5%) 16+ years 5 (20.8%) Race - no. (%) Caucasian 23 (95.8%) African American 1 (4.2%)

Figure 1. Overview of Live Sessions

| Brain Health Program                      |
|---|
| Session 1: MS 101                         |
| Session 2: Fatigue and Cognition in MS    |
| Session 3: The Role of Exercise and PT    |
| Session 4: Music Therapy                  |
| Session 5: Nutrition in MS                |
| Session 6: Brain Reserve and Brain Health |
|   |

Figure 2. Level of Health Literacy Before and After Intervention



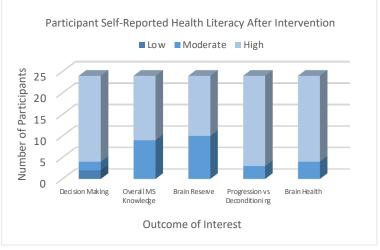
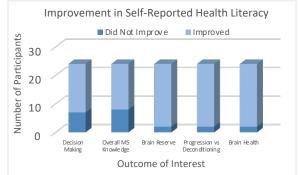


Figure 3. Health Literacy Improvement Across All Participants



#### Results

At baseline, and after the completion of the program all participants completed a brief Health Care Literacy in MS questionnaire. There was an improvement between patients with the highest level of health literacy preintervention versus post-intervention for each outcome as seen in Figure 2. 71% of participants improved their understanding of MS to make educated decisions, 67% felt more confident in their knowledge of MS, and 92% felt more familiar with the concept of Brain Reserve, Brain Health, and the difference between MS progression and deconditioning (Figure 3). Additionally, 100% of participants rated each session as good, very good, or excellent and up to 90% of participants indicated that they felt more empowered to live with MS because of what they learned.

#### **Conclusions**

The flipped classroom model of the Brain Health Program proved to be an effective method to improve Health Care Literacy across a variety of key concepts.





