# Certificate Training Program Session 5

### **Welcome! Before We Start:**

Sign-in at the back
Pick up handout packet
Sit with your CTP team at your assigned table

# Oasis



### **Ground Rules**

To make this the most productive environment for collaboration and growth, we should . . .

- Commit to being present
- Support each other
- Be engaged
- Be selfish protect the oasis
- No electronics except for course notes, urgen't needs
- Step out as needed
- Be vulnerable
- Respectfully challenge each other

- Make room for multiple voices
- Be transparent
- OK to share themes, lessons not details
- Start on time, end on time
- Use microphones
- Celebrate each other
- Give ourselves grace
- Have fun

### Curriculum Overview

KEY
Team Check-in
Inspiration
Background
Process
Improvement
Leadership
Quality/Safety
Coaching
EMR

8/20	#1	Welcome	Beginning with the E Mind	nd in	Objectives & Introductions		Overview		Leadership Defined		Team Norms		
8/27	#2	UCH Sleep	Thriving as a Leader Imperative	rship	Value Defined	Introduction to Quality Improvement			IHQSE Model of Change		Coaching		
9/3	2 8	Coaching									30		
9/10	#3	CHCO Secure Chat	Investigate the Prol	olem	Problem Statement Voice the Custom		ie	200	cess Stakeh oping Anal			EMR Process & Data	
9/17		Coaching											
9/24	#4	UCH Multidisciplinary Pain Clinic	Investigate the Prol	olem	Understand Root Cause	Baseline Hata		e Data	Business Case		Coaching		
10/1		Coaching											
10/8	#5	UCH Neurosciences	QI vs. Research				Leading Change						
10/15	8				Coa	ching		100				1	
10/22	#6	DHA Antimicrobial Stewardship	Data Collection Plan				Myers Briggs						
10/28					Coa	ching							
11/12	#7	CU Medicine Dermatology	Leading Cha	ision	Understanding Business Drivers			Negotiating for what You Need			This Place Called Academia		
11/19	#8	UCH Nursery	Leading Change Sense of Urgeno	DEI in QI				Positive Deviance					
11/26		Coaching											
12/3	#9	UCH Infectious Diseases	Hone the Intervention		Identifying Your Intervention			Design	Thinking	Wellness		Leading Change Guiding Coalition	
12/10	#10	DHA Clinical Informatics	Leadership Journey: Tom Gronow	Aim Statement		Optimizing Request		-	Storytelling		Team Logo		
12/17		Coaching											

KEY	Team Check-in	Inspiration	Background	Process Improvement		Leadership Qua		lity/Safety	Coaching			
Sessio	Topic		Key Question(s)			Assignment		Due	9			
		Team Check-in: UCH Multidisciplinary Pain Clinic		Who are my colleagues?			Complete Affinity Diagram Due Dec. 3					
	Baseline Data		How do I identify key metrics?			Reading for next session: Kotter, John. Leading Change: Why Transformation Efforts Fail  Complete Business Case Due Nov. 19						
#4	Investigate the Pro	blem	How do I understand the problem I'm trying to solve?									
Sept. 2	Understanding Roo	OT L SHICAC	What tools can I use to organize information about my process?									
	Business Case	13	How do I make the financial case for my improvement work?									
	Coaching				54671077.25							
Coachir	g Baseline data, roo	Baseline data, root causes, business case										
	Team Check-in: UC Neurosciences	Н	Who are my colleagues	?		Complete Myers-Briggs Assessment Due Oct. 18		<i>z</i> = 1: <i>t</i>				
#5 Oct. 8	Leading Change		What are the componer	nts of successful change?		Complete literatur review Due Nov. 19	·e	✓ Reading for session: Kot Leading Cha Transforma	tter, John. ange: Why			
	QI vs. Research		How do I determine if m project?	ny QI work is a research	Complete Program Eval/QI/Research Tool Due Nov. 19			Fail				
Coachii	ng Literature search,	QI/Research too	l, voice of the customer	, stakeholder analysis, process n	nap							
Sessio	n Topi	С	Key (	Question(s)		Assignment		Due	2			
	Team Check-in: DHA Antimicrobial	Stewardship	Who are my colleagues?					✓ Complete voice of customer				
#6	Assignment Expec	tations	What are the differences between data used for QI, accountability, and research?		٥	Complete Data Collection Plan		✓ Build stake analysis	holder			
Oct. 2	Data Collection Pla	an	within my current proce			Due Dec. 3		✓ Complete process map ✓ Meet with Dr. Moksha				
	Myers-Briggs	Myers-Briggs		How can I use deeper self-awareness to transform my own leadership and teamwork?					21. Monaid			

**ADAPTIVE TECHNICAL** IMPLEMENT Investigate **Embed** Hone eQuip Start ☐ Apply Pareto Principle to ☐ Create Sense of Urgency ■ Implement Awareness ☐ Track data w/ Run Charts. ☐ Complete Literature Search □ Acquire Baseline Data Prioritize Factors to Target ☐ Align with the Vision SPC Campaign ■ Build Motivation Plan □ Complete Voice of Customer ■ Determine Research or QI ■ Launch intervention □ Remove New Barriers ☐ Create Problem Statement ☐ Assess Positive Deviants ☐ Create Diffusion of Innovation ■ Apply Motivation & ☐ Celebrate More Wins Plan ■ Perform Stakeholder Analysis Consider Hierarchy of Diffusion principles ☐ Reconcile the Business ☐ Identify and Remove Barriers □ Track Data Refine Case ☐ Complete Process Map Interventions ☐ Perform Design Thinking ■ Address Sources of ☐ Create Affinity Diagram □ Perform resistance analysis ☐ Present to Stakeholders ☐ Identify Key Metrics – Resistance ☐ Celebrate Short-term Wins ☐ Identify 2 - 3 interventions ☐ Disseminate Project Work ☐ Create Awareness Campaign outcome, process, ☐ Create Effort/Impact matrix to ☐ Create sustainment plan – structural, balancing prioritize interventions ☐ Create Logo handoff ☐ Create Short-term Wins ☐ Build a Business Case ☐ Complete Equity Analysis ☐ Create Aim Statement ☐ Complete Well-Being Analysis ☐ Create Data Plan ☐ Complete Pre-mortem ☐ Finalize Implementation Plan

# Investigate: WHY do you have a problem

- □ Create Problem Statement
- □ Perform Stakeholder Analysis
- Complete Voice of Customer
- □ Complete Process Map
- Complete Literature Search
- **Create Affinity Diagram**
- □ Acquire Baseline Data
- Identify Key Metrics outcome, process, structural, balancing
- □ Build a Business Case
- ☐ Create Aim Statement

# Today's Objectives

- 1. Determine if your project is a QI project or a research project
- 2. Recognize the key components to successful change

### Team Check-in: UCH Neurosciences

### Background & Problem

- Introductions
- Tell us about your program
- What is the problem you think you will focus on?
- Members:
  - Stacy Dixon, MD, PhD
  - Samantha Holden, MD, MS
  - Randi Libbon, MD
  - Julie Meinert, BSN, RN
  - Meagan Watson, MPH, MBAc
  - Jared Woodward, DO



### IHQSE TEAM INTRODUCTIONS

- Jared Woodward, DO
  - o Epileptologist/Psychiatrist, Associate Medical Director, FND Clinic
- Randi Libbon, MD
  - o Psychiatrist, Director, Behavioral Health for FND Clinic
- Samantha Holden, MD, MS
  - o Neurologist (movement/cognitive), Clinical Director of AMC Outpatient Neurology
- Stacy Dixon, MD, PhD
  - o Neurologist (neuromuscular), Co-Director of Muscular Dystrophy Association Multidisciplinary Clinic
- Julie Meinert, RN
  - Charge Nurse for AMC Outpatient Neurology Clinic
- Meagan Watson, MPH/MBA
  - o Program Manager, FND Clinic

### FND - SCOPE OF THE PROBLEM

2<sup>nd</sup>

most common neurological disorder worldwide

>\$1.2

billion annually to U.S healthcare system

25-30%

all new patient visits to outpatient neurology

1 of 5

FND Clinics in the nation

### FND CLINIC PROGRAM (FS ONLY)

After V-EEG diagnosis, all patients receive **full neurological evaluation** to confirm and explain diagnosis.

Led by 2 providers, capped at 10 patients.

Neurobehavioral therapy group. Structured with curriculum and weekly

homework.

Led by 2 providers, capped at 10 patients.

Psychodynamic therapy group. More "unstructured", no homework, but follows themes patients bring up week to week.

Long-term behavioral health care with trained community therapist

Neurology Intake Behavioral Health Intake

6 Week Group

3 Month F/U

12 Week Group

6 Month F/U

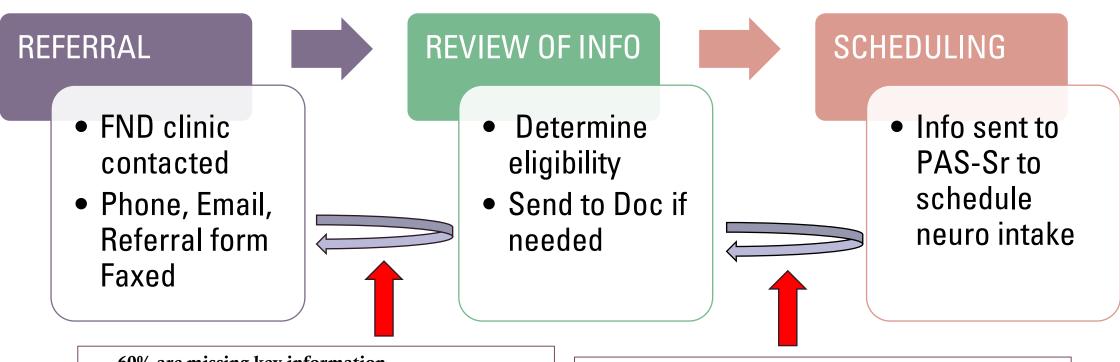
Discharge to Community

All patients **receive a psychiatric evaluation** to
identify underlying
comorbidities and begin
treatment planning.

Behavioral health team checks in to ensure treatment is individualized to the patient and address any new problems/needs that have developed.

Behavioral health team checks in to address any new problems and discharge back to community care.

### INTAKE MODEL + PAIN POINTS



- 60% are missing key information
- Manual chart review by non-clinicians & medical directors
- Denying patients with other FND (not seizures)

- Not owned by UCHealth staff
- Communication challenges with PAS-Sr
- ~20% of pts unable to schedule neuro intake

### OTHER PAIN POINTS

- FND is not valued equally to other neurological conditions
- Treatment is largely behavioral health, low reimbursement, high stigma
- Variable provider **education** about diagnosis
- High patient **demand**, limited treatment **supply**/ resources
  - o **Understaffed** to accept all FND patients
- Hard to find **resources** for transitions of care
  - o Patient **drop-out**

### OUTCOMES

40 - 60%

reduction in symptoms

\$15k

savings per patient per
referral to FND Clinic\*
(before tx completion)

**85-100%** 

reduction in ED visits\*

**15%** 

increase in new patient
 visits access to
 outpatient neurology\*
 (before tx completion)

\*published

### **PROBLEM**

Our FS clinic model only addresses one FND population (functional seizures) which likely has process inefficiencies.

Across neurology there are many FND patients (up to 25% of total) that are not receiving standard of care and are "clogging up" subspecialty access & costing hospital money.

### AIM(S) / INTERVENTION

#### • Map and Optimize Our Process

- Improve clinic flow (more efficient)
- o Understand needs for expansion
  - Staff, Materials, \$ Support
- o Create a leadership/hierarchy model.

### • Create a Viable Plan for Expansion

- Sustainability
- o Business argument for hospital support (show our value)

# WHAT IS FUNCTIONAL NEUROLOGICAL DISORDER?

https://vimeo.com/video/1003163691

# QUALITY IMPROVEMENT AND THE IRB

Ethan Cumbler MD, FHM, FACP

Professor in Departments of Medicine and Surgery

Faculty Institute for Healthcare Quality, Safety, and Efficiency

University of Colorado Anschutz Medical Campus

# A Cautionary Tale

### The Tuskegee Study of Untreated Syphilis

The 30th Year of Observation

DONALD H. ROCKWELL, MD; ANNE ROOF YOBS, MD; AND M. BRITTAIN MOORE, JR., MD, ATLANTA

rear 1963 marks the 30th year of the m evaluation of the effect of unsyphilis in the male Negro conducted

tion such as this offered an unuse tunity to follow and study the diselong period of time. In 1932, a tot

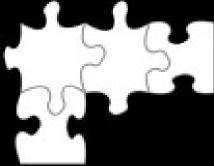
### When does change to systems of care....



### QI vs. Research

QI is the art of implementation





Research is the science of discovery

# This may seem confusing



### **Definitions**

■ Research is "A systematic investigation, including research development, testing, and evaluation, designed to develop or contribute to generalizable knowledge." – US Dept of Health and Human Services

■ QI is "systematic, data-guided activities designed to bring about immediate, positive changes in the delivery of health care in particular settings" - The Hastings Center

If you are asking "is this efficacious" then this is a research question



If you are asking "how do we apply an effective intervention reliably in our system" then this is a QI question

# Human Subjects Research

- Must have both critical elements
  - Systematic investigation
    - Prospective study using data collection and analysis to answer a study question
      - Good QI should also include systematic assessment
      - QI projects think about data differently than research projects
  - Contribute to generalizable knowledge
    - Designed to draw general conclusions or inform policy
    - QI is unique to its milieu- Results not generalizable
- Because QI is not Human Subjects Research it does not require IRB monitoring

# Example

- Dr. X is working on a QI project to improve post-operative pain scores.
- She has a theory that a new medication approved for chronic pain might also improve acute post-operative pain
- She wants to give all patients on the unit this drug for 3 days peri-op and do prepost analysis to see if pain scores change.

QI or Research?

Warning!

Exposing patients to a drug or device to assess safety or efficacy is never QI

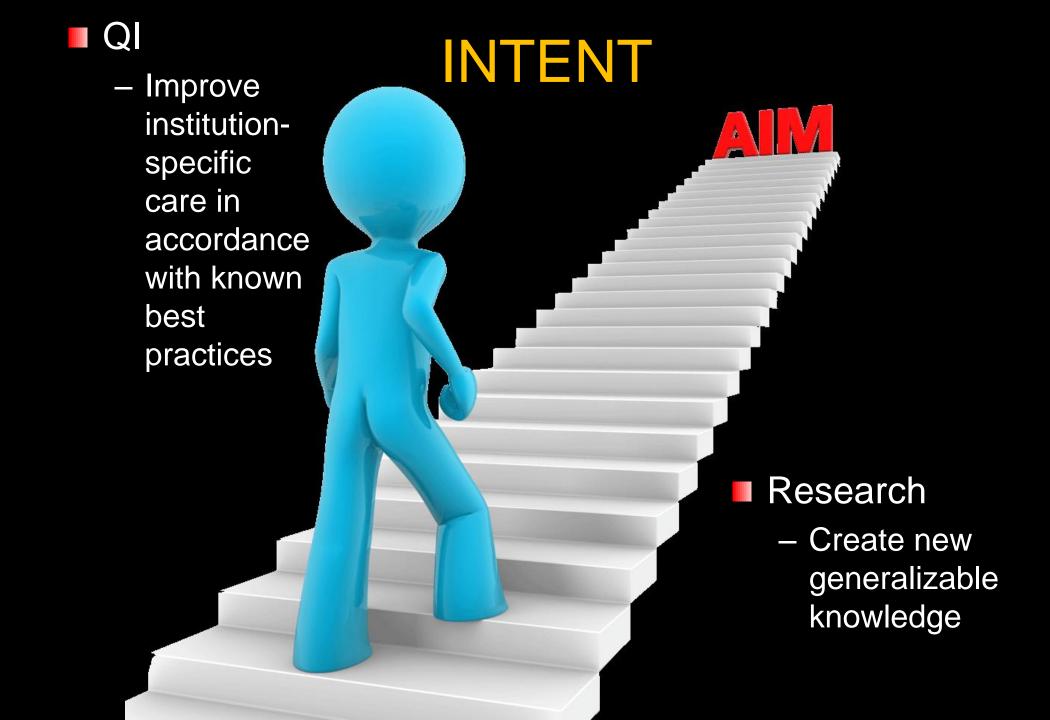
Using drug or device treatments outside of usual clinical practice is never QI.

# Example

Doctor Y wants to examine whether a bundle of evidence-based interventions could reduce central line catheter infections in his ICU.

QI or Research?

■ What if he coordinates the same project state-wide across 103 ICUs in Michigan?



# Example

- Pharmacist Z wants to examine whether displaying the eGFR could reduce drug prescriptions inappropriate for renal function.
  - Potential to reduce adverse drug events which would improve quality

■ The design would randomize patients by last digit of the MR# to have, or not have, this eGFR field displayed in the EMR

QI or Research?

# DESIGN

 Typically, pre-post or uses non-intervention unit or process to assess if intervention is effective

Iterative



- May involve randomization of individuals
- Rigid protocol

### 

# Population

Attempts to reach all patients in program



# Example

■ The unit is engaged in a QI initiative on patient satisfaction. Nurse Q wants to do structured "voice of the patient" interviews with a sample of unit patients to explore the relationship of race concordance between patient and nurse on patient satisfaction.

QI or Research?

## **Effect**



# Example

Dr. C has completed a QI study on improving time to treatment for stroke patients in the ED. It used value stream analysis to re-design the ED process to reduce time to treatment for a high-risk medication by omitting a time consuming, but rarely positive, safety doublecheck.

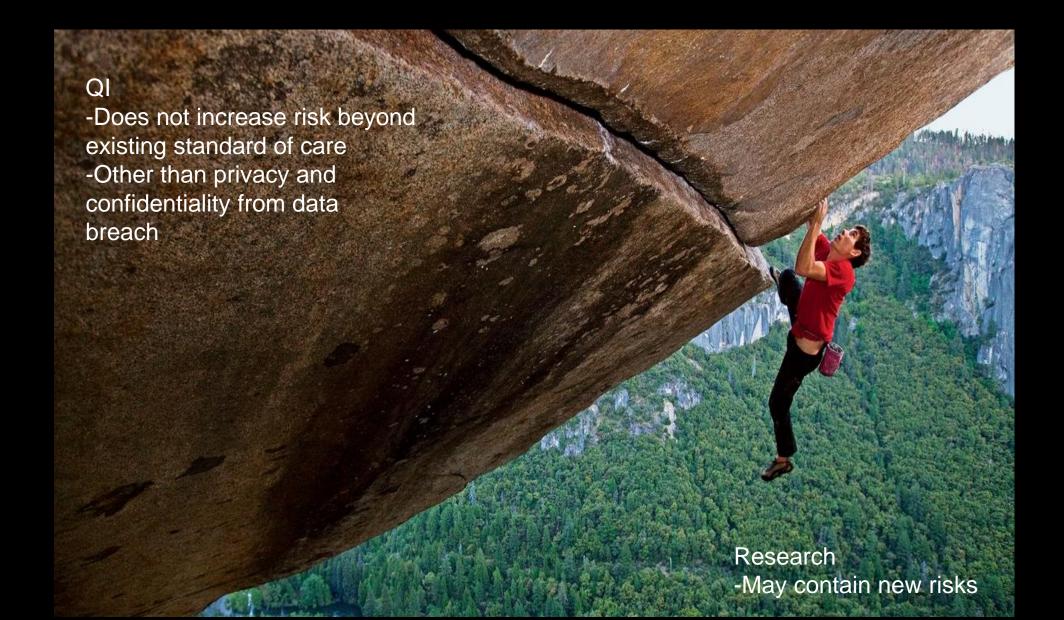
QI or Research?

### 

### Mandate

Organization leadership directs the initiation of this QI work Research Investigator led - Hospital typically only has stake if it interferes with operations

## Risk



Does publication turn this into research?



#### 

### Dissemination

- Can be published but...
- The point of publication is to share strategies and methods
- Publication must have disclaimer

#### Research

- The point of publication is to share results
- Results reproducible
- Expected to add to scientific knowledge
- Generalizable

#### ORIGINAL RESEARCH & CONTRIBUTIONS

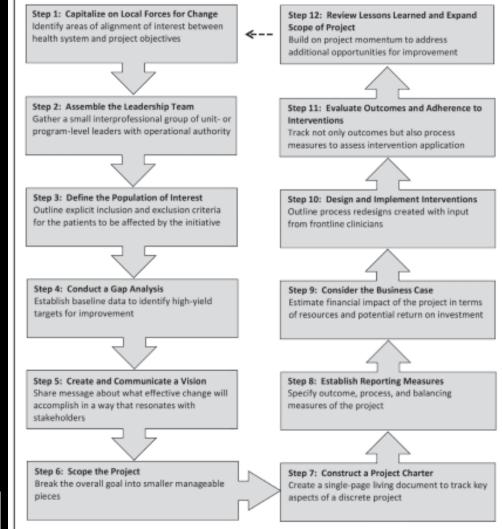
#### Geriatric Hip Fracture Care: Fixing a Fragmented System

Mary E Anderson, MD; Kelly McDevitt, RN, MS, ONC; Ethan Cumbler, MD; Heather Bennett, MS, MBA; Zachary Robison, MBA; Bryan Gomez; Jason W Stoneback, MD

Perm J 2017;21:16-104

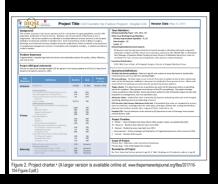
E-pub: 04/14/2017 https://doi.org/10.7812/TPP/16-104

QI
Publication
from
IHQSE
Team



Primarily Shares Methods

Application to
Local
Environment is
Used as
Example



Financial Cost surge from Cost Sender Sende

Figure 1. Stepwise framework for implementing a comprehensive geriatric hip fracture program.

ORIGINAL RESEARCH & CONTRIBUTIONS

### Fixing a Fragmented System: Impact of a Comprehensive Geriatric Hip Fracture Program on Long-Term Mortality

Mary Anderson Wallace, MD<sup>1</sup>; Andrew Hammes, MS<sup>2</sup>; Micol S Rothman, MD<sup>3</sup>; Anastasiya A Trizno<sup>4</sup>; Christine D Jones, MD, MS<sup>1</sup>; Ethan Cumbler, MD<sup>1</sup>; Kelly McDevitt, RN, MS, ONC<sup>3</sup>; Nichole E Carlson, PhD<sup>2</sup>; Jason W Stoneback, MD<sup>4</sup>

Perm J 2019:23:18.286

E-pub: 11/01/2019

https://doi.org/10.7812/TPP/18.286

# Is this a QI publication... or is it Research?

#### ABSTRACT

Context: Geriatric hip fractures are increasingly common and confer substantial morbidity and mortality. Fragmentation in geriatric hip fracture care remains a barrier to improved outcomes.

**Objective:** To evaluate the impact of a comprehensive geriatric hip fracture program on long-term mortality.

**Design:** We conducted a retrospective cohort study of patients aged 65 years and older admitted to our academic medical center between January 1, 2012, and March 31, 2016 with an acute fragility hip fracture. Mortality data were obtained for in-state residents from the state public health department.

Main Outcome Measures: Mortality within 1 year of index admission and overall survival based on available follow-up data.

**Results:** We identified 243 index admissions during the study period, including 135 before and 108 after program implementation in October 2014. The postintervention cohort trended toward a lower unadjusted 1-year mortality rate compared with the preintervention cohort (15.7% vs 24.4%, p = 0.111), as well as lower adjusted mortality at 1 year (relative risk = 0.73, 95% confidence interval = 0.46-1.16, p = 0.18), although the differences were not statistically significant. The postintervention cohort had significantly higher overall survival than did the preintervention cohort (hazard ratio for death = 0.43, 95% confidence interval = 0.25-0.74, p = 0.002).

**Conclusion:** Fixing fragmentation in geriatric hip fracture care such as through an orthogeriatric model is essential to improving overall survival for this patient population.

### Research can come out of QI Work

Later asking a research question using data generated from QI work is permissible

It would not generally address the same question that the QI project attempted to answer

■ This would be human subjects research and would need to go through IRB review

University of Colorado Denver   Anschutz Medical Campus Colorado Multiple Institutional Review Board (COMIRB)									
COMPARISON OF THE CHARACTERISTICS OF RESEARCH, QUALITY IMPROVEMENT, AND PROGRAM EVALUATION ACTIVITIES									
Use the chart below if you have questions whether your project should be considered a Research, Quality improvement activity, or Program Evaluation. If your project satisfies any of the conditions in the Research column, it should be submitted to COMIRB for review prior to implementation. COMIRB cannot provide retroactive approval after your research project commences. If you would like assistance in evaluating your project, contact COMIRB@undernver.edu. Additional information on what constitutes human subjects research is available here.									
FUNDING	RESEARCH Funded by a research grant, award or contract, or unfunded.  If funded as research, all activities supported by the funding must be considered research.	QUALITY IMPROVEMENT Typically unfunded. May be funded by awards specifically for quality improvement; confirm IRB requirements, if any, with funder.	PROGRAM EVALUATION Often funded by a grant, award or contract for the purpose of developing or improving a service program. If the funding specifically requires evaluation of the program, the evaluation component may be considered research; confirm with funder. May also be unfunded.	COMMENTS					
INTENT	To develop or contribute to generalizable knowledge.	To improve a specific business practice. In a hospital, this may include improving the quality and/or consistency of care in a specific unit or the entire hospital.	To evaluate the effectiveness of a specific program in meeting the intended goals of the program.						
DESIGN The methodologies for conducting Research, Quality Improvement, and Program Evaluation projects are similar and are all systematic.  Differential aspects are provided below as a guideline.									
	Hypothesis driven     Salatisetally (apprus     May incolve a placebo     May incolve significant deviation     from usual care or standard     practice     Multi-sate or single-site     Multi-sate or single-sit	Offen designed as part of a cyclical program to implement, lead and evaluate modest improvements in the delivery of care, or in some other business process, e.g., Continuous Quality Improvement (CO), Plan-Do-Survey of the control	Designed to evaluate whether the program was successful, and/or whether it should continue     May be multisel if evaluating a single program at multiple sites						
PUBLICATION Publication alone does not define an activity as research. Differential aspects are provided below as a guideline.									
	Clear intent to publish results as research (e.g., in scientific journal, research poster/abstract, or other research poster/abstract, or other research/scientific fora). Publishing is presumed as part of professional, scholarly expectations and obligations.	Project results will be disseminated internally (e.g., which the institution, department, or practice) soon after project completion to determine if the change improved delivery of care or another decisions and operations.  If methodology or results are interesting, and the control of the c	Intent to publish or present results generally presumed at the outset of the project. Evaluation results will be provided to the program owner and stakeholders, and to the funder.  Unless the evaluation was carried out as research with IRB approval, any publication as Program Evaluation, and did not meet the definition of research per DHHS regulations. The project may not be described as research.						
MANDATE or ENDORSEMENT	Activities conducted to fulfil leadernic obligations to conduct and publish research, to complete a research project as graduation requirements, or as defined by a funding award.	Project is endorsed or mandated by the institution or clinic as part of COI operations. Project may be mandated by educational requirements (e.g., requirement to design and complete a Of project). To document endorsement, COMIRB may assis for a letter of support from the head of the involved clinic or department, acknowledging the project as QL.	Activity endorsed or mandated by program owner and funder.						
IMPACT	Findings of the study are not expected to immediately and directly affect institutional or programmatic practice.	Findings of the project are expected to immediately and directly improve an institutional practice.	Findings of the evaluation are expected to immediately and directly demonstrate the success and/or shortcomings of the program.						
POPULATION	Carefully defined through individual inclusion and exclusion criteria in the research protocol.  Participation is voluntary.	Generally includes all participants of the practice in which improvements are being implemented (e.g., all patients and providers in a specific practice). Participation may or may not be voluntary.	Generally includes all stakeholders of the program being evaluated (e.g., all program clients, staff, and leaders).  Participation in the evaluation may be voluntary for some but mandatory for others.						
BENEFITS TO PARTICIPANTS	Primary benefit is from the scientific knowledge gained. Individual participants may or may not benefit directly. Benefits to others (e.g., future patients, society) is not generally immediate.	All participants are expected to benefit directly from the QI intervention.	Program clients are expected to benefit fro participation in the program.  Participants will not directly benefit from the evaluation of the program.						
above where the properties and properties and properties and Acknowledgment I have appropriate By my signature be Circle the Circle the Circle the I certify that I will amended in such a	roject fits on each row. If any of the roval. If the tool indicates that this ry signatures, and keep this in your jused this tool to evaluation my pelow, I affirm that this project meel papropriate term: Quality conduct my project in compliance	boxes in the research column are che is quality improvement (QI) or progra project records.  roject entitled:  In the definition of:  Improvement  With all federal, state and local laws as	ct. In that case, the project leader shoucked then the project must be submitte m evaluation (PE) only, complete the resultance of the project must be resultance of the project must be resultance of the project submitted by the resultance of the project of the	d to COMIRB est of this form,					
Signature of Project Leader         Date         Signature of Mentor (if applicable)         Date									
I have reviewed this project proposal and determine that meets the criteria for quality improvement or program evaluation as or lined above and is an appropriate project to be conducted within this Division/ Department/									

Signature of Appropriate Authority (or their designee)

COMIRB has a handy tool for evaluation of whether your work represents QI or research

A key element is
MANDATE and the form
prompts you to get a
signature from an
appropriate authority IN
ADVANCE to attest that
your work is an
organizational QI priority.

# Some work may lie in the gray zone

There is such a thing as QI Research

If in doubt... Put it to the IRB to make a determination

# If you would do it even if it could not be published

Anywhere
Ever
No matter what...

Simply because it is the right thing to do

Then you just might be doing QI

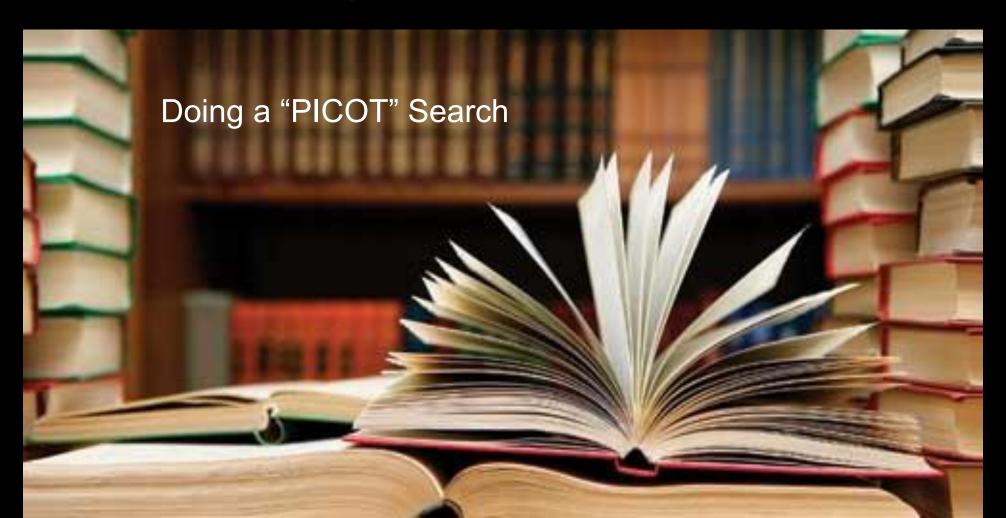
### **Practical Application**

- Utilize the COMIRB Document
  - "QA Program Evaluation/QI/Research Tool"

- Review your QI program using this guideline BEFORE starting.
  - Obtain signatures from Hospital/Division/Department/or School authority
- If you think your QI work might also be research....
  - Put it through the IRB first

# Speaking of Research...

Now is about the right time to check your problem/potential intervention against the existing research on the topic



# Search for the Best Evidence Use PICOT Question to Identify Searchable Keywords

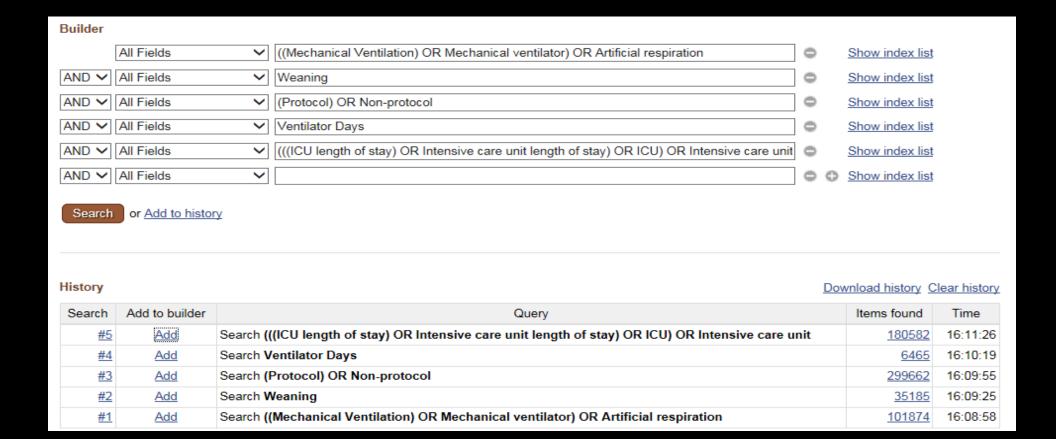


In mechanically ventilated patients (P), how does a weaning protocol (I) compared with no weaning protocol (C) affect ventilator days (O) during ICU length of stay (T)?

Population	Intervention		Comparison	Outcome	Time
Mechanical ventilation	Weaning	Protocol*	Non-protocol*	Ventilator Days	ICU length of stay
Mechanical ventilator					Intensive care unit length of stay
Artificial respiration					ICU
					Intensive care unit



#### Construct a Basic Pub-Med Search using Search Terms



Format: Summary - Sort by: Best Match - Per page: 20 -Send to -Article types Clinical Trial Review Search results Customize ... Items: 1 to 20 of 87 << First < Prev Page 1 of 5 Next > Last >> Text availability Abstract Free full text Filters activated: published in the last 10 years, Humans. Clear all to show 101 items. Full text Implementation of an Early Extubation Protocol in Cardiac Surgical Patients Decreased Ventilator Publication dates clear Time But Not Intensive Care Unit or Hospital Length of Stay. Add filters 5 years Richey M, Mann A, He J, Daon E, Wirtz K, Dalton A, Flynn BC. 10 years to help J Cardiothorac Vasc Anesth. 2018 Apr;32(2):739-744. doi: 10.1053/j.jvca.2017.11.007. Epub 2017 Nov 8. Custom range... PMID: 29229252 make list Similar articles Species clear Humans manageable The Combination of SAT and SBT Protocols May Help Reduce the Incidence of Other Animals Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia in the Burn Intensive Care Unit. Lee YL, Sims KD, Butts CC, Frotan MA, Kahn S, Brevard SB, Simmons JD. Clear all J Burn Care Res. 2017 Mar/Apr;38(2):e574-e579. doi: 10.1097/BCR.0000000000000451. Show additional filters PMID: 27755248 Similar articles Early Mobilization Reduces Duration of Mechanical Ventilation and Intensive Care Unit Stay in 3. Patients With Acute Respiratory Failure. Lai CC, Chou W, Chan KS, Cheng KC, Yuan KS, Chao CM, Chen CM. Arch Phys Med Rehabil. 2017 May;98(5):931-939. doi: 10.1016/j.apmr.2016.11.007. Epub 2016 Dec 13. PMID: 27979608 Similar articles Efficacy of a high-observation **protocol** in major head and neck cancer surgery: A prospective study. Barber B, Harris J, Shillington C, Rychlik S, Dort J, Meier M, Estey A, Elwi A, Wickson P, Buss M, Zygun D, Ansari K, Biron V, O'Connell D, Seikaly H. Head Neck. 2017 Aug;39(8):1689-1695. doi: 10.1002/hed.24599. Epub 2017 Jun 20. PMID: 28631342 Similar articles Cough augmentation techniques for extubation or weaning critically ill patients from mechanical ventilation. Rose L, Adhikari NK, Leasa D, Fergusson DA, McKim D. Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2017 Jan 11;1:CD011833. doi: 10.1002/14651858.CD011833.pub2. Review. PMID: 28075489 Free PMC Article

Similar articles

## Small Group Exercises

- 1. Take the problem that you are seeking to solve
  - Have you done a comprehensive literature search to determine if an existing best practice or guideline exists?
    - If not your in-class task is to design the search
  - Have you done a literature search to find the results of other groups that have attempted to tackle the same problem?
    - If not your in-class task is to design the search

#### **Homework Assignment**

Execute your search and review the best articles you identify

- 2. What do you plan to share outside the organization?
  - Describe in your group what aspect of your QI project would be of interest to others
  - If desired you can mock-up a QI dissemination poster (or multiple)

#### **Homework Assignment**

Complete the Program Evaluation/QI/Research tool

Provide this along with your QI
Project proposal or charter to the
relevant hospital/Unit/Clinic
authority

Have it signed

# Change Management Why won't they follow?

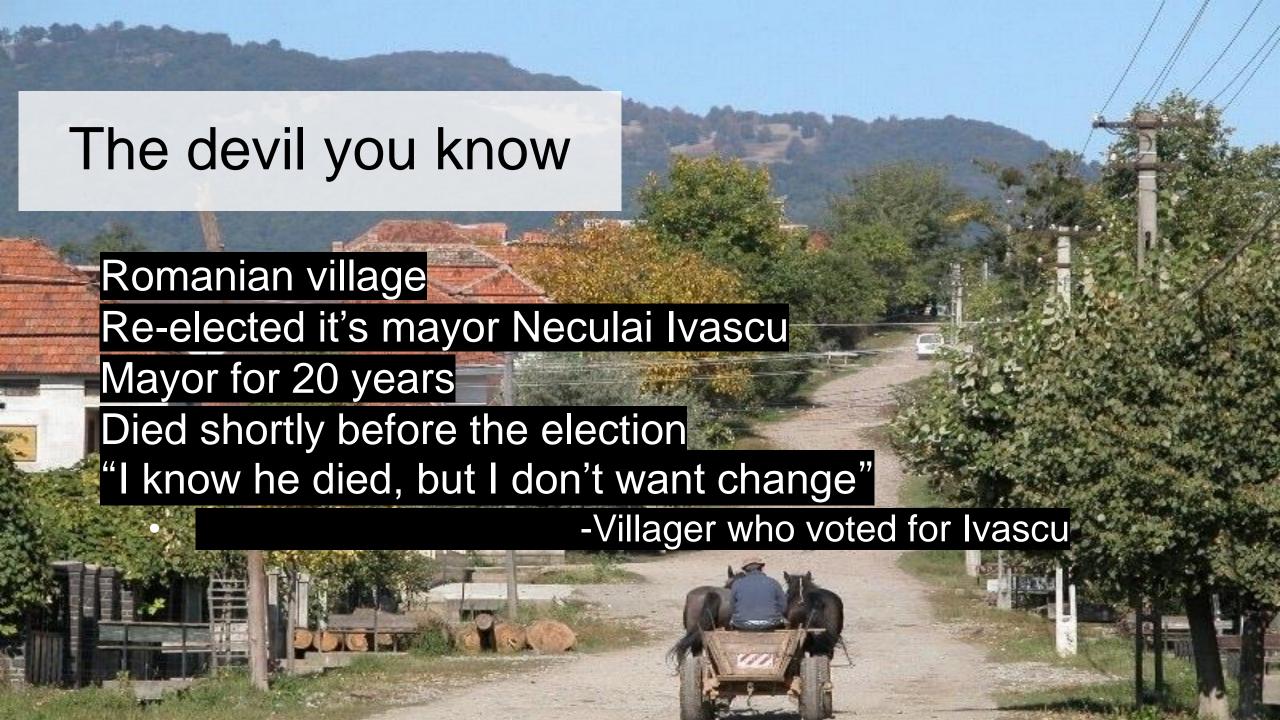


### What we'll discuss

Change leadership

8 steps to leading change

Apply to your CTP project



### Vancomycin use in the ICU

- Only 50% of 1<sup>st</sup> vancomycin troughs within range of 10-20 mcg/mL
- Develop simple weight-creatinine based nomogram
- ICU and Pharmacy leadership buy-in
- Rolled out nomogram for the ICU, email sent to residents/faculty every month

### Vancomycin use in the ICU: **Email orientation**

- I wanted to make everyone aware of the ongoing QI initiative in the MICU addressing initial vancomycin dosing. The standard 1 gram every 12 hours is not appropriate for many ICU patients and the first troughs have been in the therapeutic range of 10-20 mcg/mL only about 50% of the time. We have developed a very simple dosing nomogram (attached) that also includes guidelines on dosing for HD and CVVH, and when the troughs should be checked. Based on the existing data, we expect this nomogram to eliminate about 75% of subtherapeutic troughs and 50% of supratherapeutic troughs.
- The nomogram requires only the patient's actual body weight and MDRD-estimated GFR with age, gender, race, and serum creatinine (online at www.mdrd.com).
- We rely primarily on you as treating physicians to follow the nomogram and correctly order the antibiotics, decreasing the risk of under- or over-dosing your critically ill patients in the crucial initial 24-72 hours of therapy until the first trough is obtained. The MICU pharmacists will be helping you with the nomogram as well.
- Thank you in advance for your help and your hard work. We welcome all questions and feedback on this quality improvement initiative.

### Vancomycin use in the ICU: Outcomes

Pre-intervention trough 10-20

50%

Post-intervention trough 10-20

50%

Protocol concordance rate

20%

# Vancomycin use in the ICU: Why didn't they follow?

- Group Discussion
  - Why do you think the intervention didn't work?
  - Why didn't the doctors follow?

### Thinkin' caps



Do you work at a great hospital?

What's keeping it from being great?

Do the leadership, staff and doctors want greatness? Do you?

If we all want to work at a great hospital...

## Why don't we have great hospitals?

- People generally want things to be different
  - They just don't want to have to change
- Successful organizations change
- But change is very hard
- Good is the enemy of great
  - Good + change being difficult = no change
- We don't have great hospitals b/c we have good ones





### Leadership

- Dictionary.com
  - Leadership: Ability to lead
  - Leader: A person or thing that leads
  - Lead: A soft, dense, metallic element
  - Lead: A guiding or directing head
- Getting people to go somewhere they otherwise wouldn't go





### Step 1—Establish a sense of urgency

- People need to think there is a problem
  - Is this an important problem?
  - What is the crisis?
  - What are the opportunities?
  - How can these be related to your colleagues?
- If you cannot create a sense of urgency...
  - Stop!
  - It'll fail. Guaranteed!
  - Don't go to step 2 unless you've got this

## Good is the enemy of great

Sense of Urgency Good + change being difficult = no change

### Vancomycin Project

Apply concepts to the Vancomycin Project

- Step 1: Create a Sense of Urgency
  - How will you build that burning platform/aspiration?

### Step 2—Create Guiding Coalition, **AKA Leadership**

- Leadership is not being in charge, a position of power, autocratic
- Not just the Dean, Chair, hospital CEO
- Find the thought leaders and engage
  - Who are the thought leaders?
  - Don't forget the other professions
  - Does this group have enough clout/frontline to make this happen?
  - Get this group together; convince them of #1

### Step 3—Develop a vision and strategy

- Vision should inspire
  - Power of collective vision
  - Overcome barriers and self interests
  - Follow plans that we don't like...that tie back to the vision
  - Should be inspirational and aspirational

### Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center

• BIDMC will eliminate <u>all</u> preventable harm.

Now, what is your <u>vision</u>? Not your plan!

Develop specific strategies, tactics, plans.

## Urgency vs. Vision

Urgency 
 — Why they should care

→ What you are going to do Goal

• Tactic  $\rightarrow$  How you are going to do it

### Step 4—Communicate the change vision

- Dogged & constant
  - Think of as many ways as possible to disseminate your strategies.
  - Ensure the guiding coalition role models these behaviors.
  - How many times do you need to tell people about the program?



# Vancomycin Project

Apply concepts to the Vancomycin Project

- Step 4: Communicate the Vision
  - List at least 10 ways you'll communicate your vision.
  - Many of these will be more basic or routine.
  - A few should be something novel. The more novel the more likely folks will remember it.

### Step 5—Remove Obstacles

- Why aren't people already doing this?
- What systems or structures are undermining the vision/strategy?
- How can you remove these barriers?
- Take it a step further—how can you make it easier to do the right thing?

### Step 6—Generate short-term wins

Reward the "changers"

What rewards will motivate behavior change?

#### Cake!

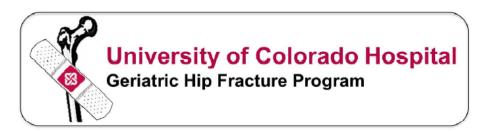


#### Step 6—Generate Short-term Wins

Reward the "changers"

What rewards will motivate behavior change?

Plan and create these prospectively



Dear team,

On behalf of the UCH Geriatric Hip Fracture Program, we wanted to say **THANK YOU** for the outstanding teamwork and patient care provided to our inaugural patient.

Mr. D is a 79-year-old man who was admitted on Saturday, November 1, 2014, with a left intertrochanteric hip fracture after a mechanical fall. He had recently moved out to Denver from Chicago, IL to be closer to his family. He arrived to the ED at 8:46 AM, was evaluated promptly by both **Orthopaedic Surgery** and the **Medicine Consult Service**, and was in the OR by 1:00 PM, less than 4 hours later! The patient was successfully admitted to the **8W Unit**. He received appropriate osteoporosis evaluation and treatment, already has a visit scheduled in the Seniors Clinic to establish care, and has a referral pending to the Metabolic Bone Clinic. Social work/case management are working with family on disposition, as we strive to decrease length of stay for this population.

Congratulations to **Meredith Mayo** and **Chris Chen** for being the first Orthopaedic residents to admit a patient using the UCH Geriatric Hip Fracture Admission and Pre-Op Order Sets. Congratulations to **Colin Anderson** for being the first to use the UCH Geriatric Hip Fracture Post-Op Order Set. Honorable mention goes to **Phil York**, who attempted to admit a hip fracture patient on October 31st, but, sadly, Kaiser requested that the patient be transferred to Good Samaritan.





# Vancomycin Project

Apply concepts to the Vancomycin Project

- Step 6: Create Short-term Wins
  - What are 5 short-term wins you could create prospectively?

#### Steps 7 & 8—Consolidate Gains into Culture

- Use credibility for more change
  - What are next steps to extend your gains?
  - What other structures/systems could be changed to make this even more successful—beyond the short-term win?
- Anchor new approaches in the culture
  - Begin to hire/promote/develop people who believe in this type of culture?
  - Develop future goals that tie into your new culture.

# The Change Process

- Establish a sense of urgency
  - People need to think there is a problem
- Creating a guiding coalition
  - Find the thought leaders and engage
- Develop a vision and strategy
  - "Where" going and "how" things will change
- Communicate the change vision
  - Must be dogged & constant: coalition on board

- Empower broad-based action
  - Remove obstacles
- Generate short-term wins
  - Plan and create these; reward the "changers"
- Consolidate gains, produce more change
  - Use credibility for more change
- Anchor new approaches in culture
  - Make this part of the culture going forward



# Change

Change is not mandatory But then again, neither is survival -W. Edwards Deming (paraphrased)

## Appreciative Debrief

Share with the group 1 thing you found most intriguing from this session

### Next Steps

#### **Due - Friday Oct. 18, 2024**

• Complete Myers-Briggs Assessment

#### Due - Session 6, Oct. 22, 2024

 VoC, Stakeholder Analysis, Problem Statement, Meet with Moksha (if needed)

#### **Due – Session 7, Nov.12, 2024**

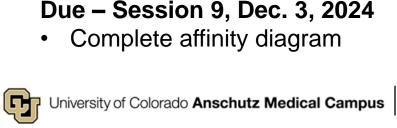
Process Map

#### Due - Session 8, Nov. 19, 2024

- **Draft Business Case**
- Complete literature review
- Complete program evaluation/QI/ Research Tool

#### **Due – Session 9, Dec. 3, 2024**

Complete affinity diagram



Date Assigned	Assignment	Due Date
#1 – Aug. 20, 2024	Develop group ground rules     Complete Leadership Defined Self-assessment	Review in coaching
#2 – Aug. 27, 2024	No new assignments	
#3 – Sept. 10, 2024	<ul> <li>Complete voice of customer</li> <li>Build stakeholder analysis</li> <li>Develop a problem statement</li> <li>Meet with Dr. Moksha Patel</li> </ul>	#6 – Oct. 22, 2024
	Complete a process map	#7 – Nov. 12, 2024
#4 – Sept. 24, 2024	Reading: Kotter, John. Leading Change: Why Transformation Efforts Fail	#5 – Oct. 8, 2024
	Draft business case	#8 – Nov. 19, 2024
	Complete affinity diagram	#9 – Dec. 3, 2024
#5 – Oct. 8, 2024	Complete Myers-Briggs Assessment	Friday, Oct. 18, 2024
	Complete literature review     Complete Program Evaluation/QI/Research Tool	#8 – Nov. 19
#6 – Oct. 22, 2024	Complete data collection plan	#9 – Dec. 3, 2024
#7 – Nov. 12, 2024	Develop/utilize current vision tying to project	#8 – Nov. 19, 2024
#8 – Nov. 19, 2024	Finalize sense of urgency	#9 – Dec. 3, 2024
	DEI Scan     Complete Positive Deviance Exercise	#12 – Jan. 28, 2025
#9 – Dec. 3, 2024	<ul> <li>Complete Design Thinking Exercise</li> <li>Develop list of potential interventions</li> <li>Finalize guiding coalition</li> </ul>	#12 – Jan. 28, 2025
#10 – Dec. 10, 2024	Complete aim statement	#11 – Jan. 14, 2025
	Finalize logo	#13 – Feb. 11, 2025
#11 – Jan. 14, 2025	Draft mid-year report out	#12 – Jan. 28, 2025
	Complete pre-mortem assessment     Create and implement a communication plan	#13 – Feb. 11, 2025

## Assignments

Email worksheets to Sloan (sloan.c.garcia@cuanschutz.edu) and cc your coach!

#### Due October 22:

- Voice of the Customer
  - Summarize key findings / themes; do not need to include all surveys/interviews
- Stakeholder Analysis
- Problem Statement

It is okay if these are not all finalized! We realize you may still be meeting with stakeholders and finalizing your problem statement.



