

Implementing A Novel Electronic Medical Record (EMR) for Street Medicine in Denver



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Introduction

What is "street medicine"?

- Started in 1990s by Dr. Jim Withers and others
- "House calls" to the street and most vulnerable
- Now part of medical programs nationally and globally

Why should we care?

- Average lifespan of unhoused population up to 30 years less than housed population¹
- Low access to brick-and-mortar health systems

Challenges in Street Medicine^{2,3}:

- Patient continuity and mobility
- Lack of standardized documentation
- Electronic vs. paper medical records



Who we are

CU Street Medicine is a student-run group that:

- Enhances education around healthcare for people experiencing homelessness
- Brings social and medical outreach services to people experiencing homelessness in the Denver Metro Area
- Clinic services include:
 - Routine screenings (i.e. blood pressure, blood glucose)
 - Prescription and referral services
 - Dedicated time with licensed provider
 - Harm reduction, wound care, cold weather supplies

Research Purpose

Our current limitations:

- Cumbersome and error-prone paper records
- Limited space on intake forms
- Poor referral and follow-up data

This project will:

- Streamline accurate data collection
- Allow for follow-up on patient data
- Identify needs of patients to improve outreach

Methodology: Project Stages

1. Development

Transition paper medical record to online format

Build EMR in HIPAAcompliant database

Finalize EMR with key stakeholders

2. Implementation Implement and troubleshoot

EMR at outreaches

Train clinic staff in utilizing

Adapt EMR to fit clinic flow and patient needs

EMR



3. Data Analysis

Analyze key informant data from volunteers

Quantitative review of medical issues addressed

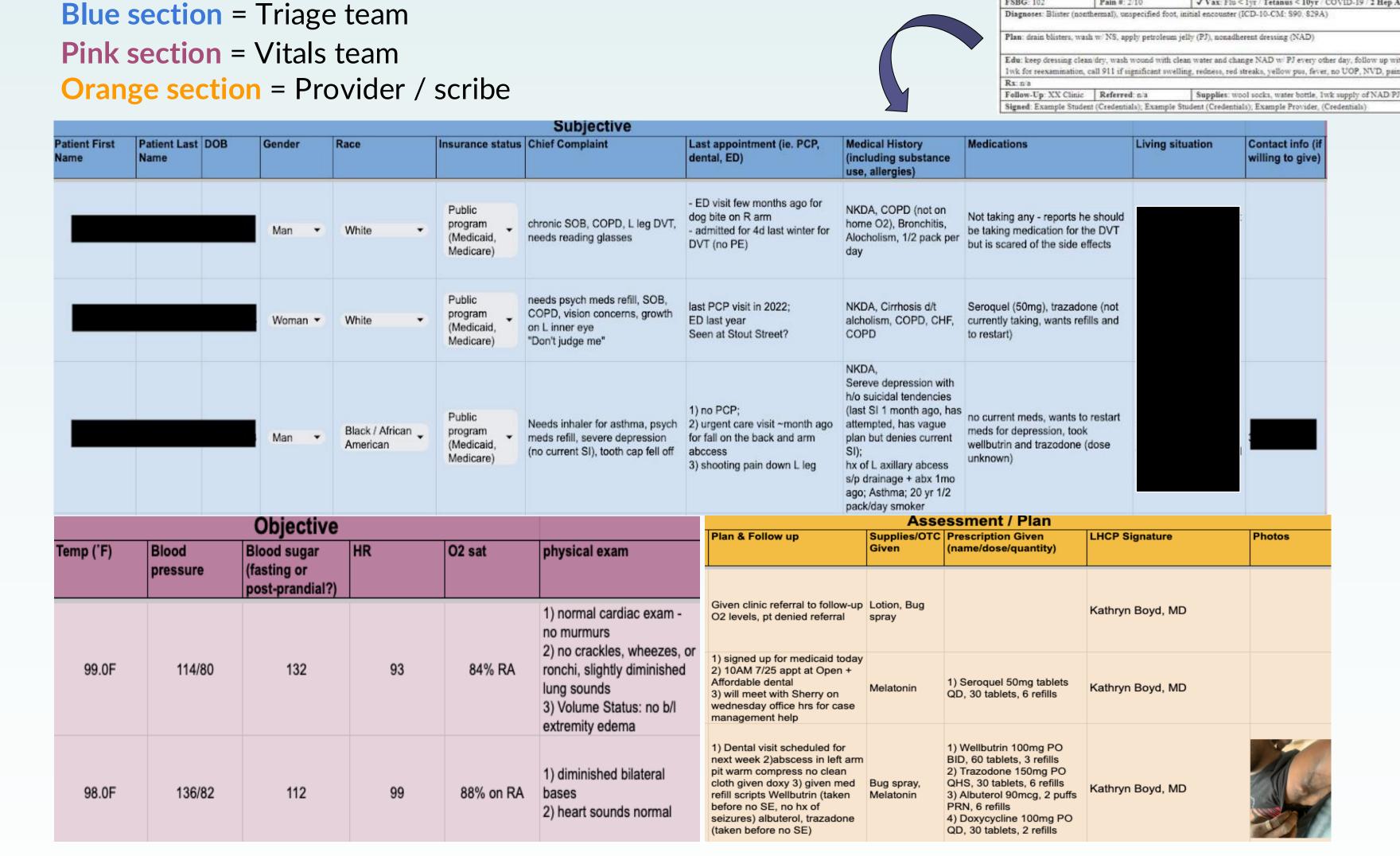
Assessment of supplies given by region

Initial Pilot Testing

Pilot testing highlighted points of improvement in our EMR system:

- Database in REDCap vs. Google Administrator Spreadsheet
- Data collection methods
- Access to HIPAA-compliant database by volunteers

Transitioning from paper to electronic medical records:



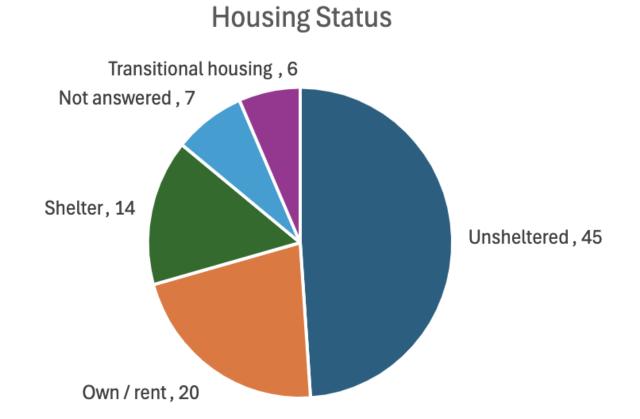
Novel elements of the EMR:

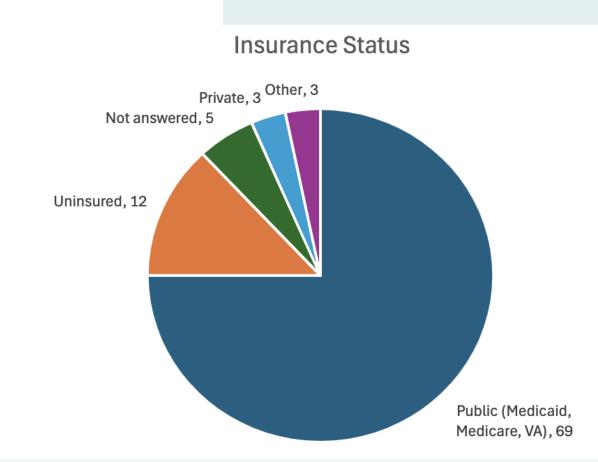
- Spreadsheet capabilities for analysis of patient needs / resource utilization
- Format easily adaptable to organizational growth
- More space for details of medical history and encounter

Preliminary Results

Chief Concern			Number of Patients	
Vitals / routine check up			35	
Wound care			21	
Over-the-counter medications / supplies			17	
Acute concerns			12	
Prescription refills		5		
Other		2		
	Total Patients		92	

Total Patients	92
Referrals made	20
Prescriptions written	19





Conclusions

Street medicine is a needed service in Denver. This EMR shows that primarily for unsheltered individuals, street medicine meets needs for primary care, wound care, and over-the-counter supplies. Our outreach should continue prioritizing these needs, and this EMR will help refine programming as we gather more patient data.

References

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- 2. Harry Laurence Selby Coleman, Liam Levy-Philipp, Elias Balt, Teun Zuiderent-Jerak, Harsh Mander, Joske Bunders & Elena Syurina (2022) Addressing health needs of the homeless in Delhi: Standardising on the issues of Street Medicine practice, Global Public Health, 17:11, 2991-3004.
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