

# Virtual Reality-Based Mindfulness Practice Improves Emotion Regulation in Patients in Substance Use Treatment

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## INTRODUCTION

- ❖ 10% of population is affected by SUD every year
- ❖ Evidence-based treatments, moderately effective, 50% relapse rate
- ❖ Mindfulness practice show mixed results, partly nonadherence
- ❖ Virtual Reality increases treatment retention for exposure therapy

*Primary study:* valuating the feasibility and acceptability of VR in an outpatient treatment center, along with effects on cravings, emotion regulation, mindful attention, and awareness

*This study:* secondary analysis of the back-end application data looking at the effects of VR mindfulness practice on emotion regulation

## METHODS

38 patients in Inpatient Residential Treatment

*Inclusion:* have a primary SUD; completed detoxification

*Exclusion:* history of seizures, epilepsy, vertigo; active nausea

### Intervention

Offered a Virtual Reality-based headset featuring a mindfulness application, namely TRIPP, during their independent mindfulness time scheduled in their morning routine.

### Measures

Participants asked the following before and after the experience:

- (1) “How are you feeling right now?” on a scale of 1 “Poor” to 10 “Excellent”
- (2) “What best describes your mood?” using one or multiple mood descriptor(s)

### Analysis

(1) *Feeling rating scale (quantitative):* mean change before and after the mindfulness practice on a per use and per day basis

(2) *Mood descriptors (qualitative):* word cloud weighted by frequency

## RESULTS

### Feeling

Mean change before and after the mindfulness experience

Per Use: +0.95 (SE=0.08)

Per Day: +0.93 (SE=0.10,  $p < 0.001$ )

### Mood



Figure 1. Word cloud weighted by the frequency of the words selected before the beginning of the mindfulness practice experience in TRIPP.



Figure 2. Word cloud weighted by the frequency of the words selected before the beginning of the mindfulness practice experience in TRIPP.

## CONCLUSIONS

VR-based mindfulness intervention has the potential to aid patients with emotion regulation on the tough road to fight addiction!

### Limitations

- Small sample size
- Study design
- Single-arm study
- Momentary changes
- Semi-structured clinical environment

### Preliminary Promises

Improves medical adherence  
Can revolutionize patient education (Miller, 2014; van der, 2021).  
Encouraging results in fibromyalgia, traumatic brain injury, generalized anxiety, sleep quality, and more

### Need For

- Larger-scale studies
- Longitudinal studies
- Different environments, including home
- Reducing costs and increasing access

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