A One-Step Catheter Over Needle System Compared to a Single Shot Nerve Block for Shoulder Surgery

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ABSTRACT

Background and objectives
Catheters for peripheral nerve blockade can offer advantages over a single shot technique such as prolonged analgesia, but placing catheters may require additional time which can limit routine implementation before surgery. A one-step catheter over needle system potentially reduces catheter placement procedural time and therefore could expand access to continuous peripheral nerve blockade.

Methods
We performed a study of 40 sequential patients receiving a single shot peripheral nerve block for elective shoulder surgery with either a one-step catheter over needle system (n = 20) or a traditional single shot block needle (n = 20). The primary outcome of the study was the total procedure time. Secondary outcomes included the incidence of complications and the effect of learning.

Results
We observed a statistically significant, but clinically insignificant, increase in procedure time with the catheter group compared to the single shot block needle group (2.1 minutes versus 1.4 minutes, p = <0.001). Using a linear mixed model, we noted a significant association between block type and placement time, which was increased in the catheter group by 35 seconds, 95% CI [15 – 56]. We did not observe a significant learning effect when controlling for procedure sequence. All the blocks provided adequate analgesia and there were no complications associated with peripheral nerve blockade in either group.

Conclusions
A one-step catheter over needle system results in a statistically significant increase in nerve block procedure time, which is unlikely to be clinically consequential, compared to a nerve block using a traditional single shot block needle.