Abstract

According to the Journal of the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry, almost 32% of adolescents will meet criteria for an anxiety disorder by the age of 18\(^1\) and less than 25% will receive appropriate treatment\(^2\). An emerging solution is behavioral therapy mobile applications that can be easily downloaded and distributed widely\(^3\). Currently, very few providers endorse consistently recommending these apps, primarily due to a lack of confidence and knowledge in the apps\(^4\). The objective of this study is to expose primary care providers to a brief educational presentation about apps for patients with anxiety and then measure the changes in their intention to recommend. The presentation content will be based on Technology Acceptance Model Theory\(^5\) which focuses on addressing factors that limit provider usage of technology. The change in intention to use will be determined by distributing the same survey to two groups: one that has been exposed to the presentation, and a control group that has not. Unfortunately, there were no statistically significant differences between the two groups, likely related to the small sample size.